





DIAGNOSTICI E TECNOLOGIE BIOMEDICHE BIOLOGIA MOLECOLARE

KIT FOR THE DETECTION OF Y1702C POLYMORPHISM OF THE FACTOR V GENE

AMPLI-SET-FV Y1702C

Cat. n. 1.316

The heterogeneity of clinic phenotype and the varialibility of thrombotic events showed by patients with familiarity for thrombotic disease have led to the hypothesis that the predisposition to these type of disorders may be due to many genetic factors. Recently, a complex haplotype of Factor V (HR2), which includes 13 different polymorphisms, has been reported. Among them, 7 cause an amino acid substitution and a functional modification of the protein, leading to an excess of plasmatic isoform FV1 concentration, more thrombogenic.

It isn't clear if haplotype HR2 alone could be a factor of thrombotic risk. It is sure that the risk of clinical thrombotic events in subjects carriers of the F V Leiden mutation is increased.

The detection of the Y1702C polymorphism is carried out starting with an amplification using specific primers of a fragment of 120 bp, following by a restriction section due to Acc I.The mutation is confirmed by the loss of a cleavage site for the enzyme Acc I.

Principle of method: A) extraction of genomic DNA B) amplification C) enzymatic digestion D)detection on agarose gel

Applicability: On extracted and purified genomic DNA from whole blood samples.

Tests: 45

REAGENTS AND STORAGE

AMPLIFICATION	
PCR mix	-20°C
H ₂ O sterile	-20°C
Taq Polymerase (5U/μl)	-20°C
Acc I enzyme (10 U//µl)	-20°C
Digestion buffer 10X	-20°C
Positive normal control	-20°C

Stability: over 12 months if correctly stored.

ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

The yield of amplification is a fragment of 120 bp. The next restriction section made by the *Acc I* enzyme can be done the following results:

1 Absence of mutation Normal Patient Kit control	2 Presence of mutation Eterozygote Mutant patient	3 Presence of mutation Homozygote mutant patient
2 fragments	3 fragments	1 fragment
105 bp 15 bp	120 bp 105 bp 15 bp	120 bp

Usually, the resolution of agarose gel weakens the visualization of the band of 15 bp. The molecular diagnosis is guaranteed from the visualization of other fragments.

References:

Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 1996, 75; 45-48. Blood, 1997, 90, 4; 1552-1557. Blood, 2000, 96, 4; 1443-1448. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2000, 83; 577-82. Haematologica, 2001, 86, 6; 629-633. Blood, 2001, 98, 2; 358-367. Hum. Genet., 2002, 111; 59-65.